

FIFTY-THIRD YEAR

School Tax Bill Killed In House

County Members Curtail City School Expenditures—Discussion Consumed a Session—Representative Done Made An Earnest Plea For the Measure, But the Outside Contingent Was Too Strong—How the Vote Stood.

Representative Robinson offered the resolution in the absence of the chairman of the house this morning, and after the formality of reading the minutes the members delved into their work with a will that indicated a desire to get through with all the business before them without the necessity of keeping the clock stopped for a great length of time on March 12, the last day of the fifth session. But the discussion on the city school tax bill waxed warm and long.

Messrs. Anderson and Roberts sent a message from Spring Valley, Wyoming, that on account of delay in trains, they would be unable to reach the assembly and they were excused for the day.

GOVERNOR APPROVES.
A message from Governor Wells announced that he had approved and signed house memorial No. 2, petitioning Congress for the annexation to Utah of the Arizona strip.

BILLS SIGNED.
Speaker Hull signed senate bill No. 11 providing penalties for desertion of the United States flag, senate bill No. 2 relating to change of venue in city courts, senate bill No. 38, providing for the prosecution of corporations for violations of city ordinances, and senate bill No. 40, providing for the prosecution of corporations for violations of city ordinances.

AN INVITATION.
An invitation was received from the U. of U. land, urging the members to purchase as many tickets as possible for an entertainment to be given in the hall at the University of Utah on Saturday next, for the purpose of assisting the boys to clear off a debt of \$400 incurred last year.

KINDERGARTEN ENDORSED.
The Nineteenth century club of Provo sent an endorsement to the kindergarten bill and urging an appropriation for a domestic science building.

POULTRY COMMISSIONERS.
Mr. Gordon introduced house bill No. 17, providing for the appointment of state poultry commissioners and making an appropriation therefor. It was referred to the livestock committee.

SCHOOL TAX LEVY.
House bill No. 36, by Done, providing for a permanent increase of the school tax in cities of the first and second class from five and a half to six mills and allowing Salt Lake City to increase the levy for 1903 to six and a half mills was taken up for final passage.

Mr. Moynaux offered an amendment fixing the minimum county school levy, in counties of the first and second class, at ten and a half mills. Mr. Stewart made the point of order that two chapters of the laws may not be amended in one bill.

Speaker Hull of the opinion that the bill was not in order, but was not certain. At Gen. Breder's suggestion the bill was referred to the committee on education. Mr. Stewart made the point of order that two chapters of the laws may not be amended in one bill.

BAD COLLISION ON THE MISSOURI PACIFIC.
Fort Scott, Kan., March 2.—Missouri Pacific passenger train No. 40, which left Wichita yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock for St. Louis via Fort Scott, head-on with a freight train on a trestle four miles west of Fort Scott, during the night. The engines were completely telescoped, but none of the passengers were injured. Twenty or more passengers sustained cuts and bruises, but none was dangerously hurt.

James Garrett of Eldorado, Kan., the passenger engineer, and Walter Smith, the fireman, were badly injured. The accident resulted from the fact that the freight crew, unable to get the train out of a siding in time to give the passenger train clearance, failed to send out a flag.

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a few washouts and the flooding of some mines.

DANGER PASSED AT TOLEDO.

Toledo, O., March 2.—Although the danger of serious floods in Toledo upon the river when the ice moved out of the Maumee river, it is not true of other towns in this section of Ohio. Specials to the Bee from northwestern Ohio towns show that the situation is serious at Findlay, where the Maumee, Upper Sandusky and neighboring towns. At Findlay Sam Moffatt was drowned in the street. The water has run up the sidewalk. He broke through and met death in ten feet of water.

Nelson Jacobs and Henry Thomas also of Findlay, wealthy farmers, attempted to move through a low place in the road, the horses floundered in five feet of water. The men and horses were drowned.

At Findlay, David Wiley was driving along the river road and in an attempt to pass a low spot was swept away by the current of water and drowned. All the rivers are higher than they have been for 20 years. Street and electric railway tracks have been washed out and bridges are in danger. Persons living in the low lands have been forced to abandon their homes.

BURDICK MURDER CASE.

Buffalo, March 2.—Mrs. Burdick, wife of a home here, was murdered at her home here on Thursday night, and Mrs. Hull, her mother, were examined at considerable length early today at a police station, where they were taken from their return from Chattanooga, where they had attended the funeral of the murdered man. Mrs. Hull was first questioned by Dist. Atty. Coatsworth and Asst.-Supt. of Detectives Cusick. She said she knew nothing of the murder until she was called by the domestic in the morning. She heard no sounds in the night, heard nothing of the murder, and was in the morning ignorant of any tragedy in the house. She denied positively that her relations with Mr. Burdick were unfriendly and emphatically declared she believed no one in the household had anything to do with the crime or knew of it until morning. Mrs. Burdick was next questioned at length as to what she could offer to throw light on the possible identity of the murderer, after which both women went back to the Ashland avenue home.

The district attorney said, after they had gone.

We examined Mrs. Hull and Mrs. Burdick for the purpose of completing the examination of all those present in the house on the night the murder occurred, and to ascertain from Mrs. Burdick if possible, who, in her judgment, might have been actuated to commit a crime.

Mr. Cusick said he was still of the opinion that the murderer is a woman.

Terrific Seas in English Channel.

London, March 2.—Terrific seas are running in the English channel. The waves are sweeping the sea fronts of the coast, and the danger to shipping is great. Several fatalities have resulted from the collapse of various structures.

The Dover-Calais mail boat Pas de Calais, with 300 passengers on board, is reported from Dover to be drifting helplessly before the gale. A large bark, believed to belong to Hamburg, has foundered off Lands End. Her crew, numbering about 30 men, are supposed to have been drowned.

The Pas de Calais last succeeded in effecting repairs and entered Dover harbor. The gale is moderating.

AN AMERICAN EXPELLED.

From Saxony Because of Supposed Relations With Crown Princess Louise.

Dresden, March 2.—L. A. O'Brien, an American dentist, has been ordered to leave Saxony within 24 hours, but the court extended the time so as to permit Mr. O'Brien to settle up his affairs.

The government has notified the other governments of Mr. O'Brien's expulsion, making it under royal courtesy impossible for him to reside in Germany or Austria.

WIFE ATTEMPTS MURDER.

Throws Carbolic Acid at Her Husband and Daughter.

Columbus, Neb., March 2.—Mrs. Soren Anderson, wife of a farmer living 15 miles north of here, attempted to take the life of her husband and their 10-year-old daughter by throwing carbolic acid in their faces and then swallowed the contents of the bottle of the drug. Mrs. Anderson said but her husband and daughter will recover. Domestic trouble is said to have been the cause.

J. CUSICK ACQUITTED.

On Grounds of Insanity of Killing of Tom Baggs of Butte.

Butte, Mont., March 2.—James Cusick, who shot and killed Tom Baggs in the street here last June, was today acquitted by a jury in Judge McClellan's court, on the grounds of insanity. Cusick will be examined by a commission and probably sent to the insane asylum at Warm Springs. He took the verdict without visible signs of emotion and maintains a stolid indifference as to his fate.

SALVADOREAN PRESIDENCY.

It is Peacefully Transferred for First Time in Fifty Years.

Panama, March 2.—A dispatch from San Salvador received here today says Gen. Regalado yesterday handed over the presidency to Pedro Jose Escalon, who was declared elected Feb. 19. This was the first peaceful transfer of the presidency in 50 years and has caused great rejoicing throughout Salvador.

Cambrian Prince Sunk in North Sea.

Hamburg, March 2.—The carpenter of the British ship Cambrian Prince, Capt. Owens, from Cebu, for Middleborough, has been picked up by the North Atlantic reports that the Cambrian Prince capsized and sank.

It was announced in a dispatch from London last night that a quantity of wreckage had been seen off the coast of Northumberland, and that the indications pointed to the British ship Cambrian Prince having been wrecked.

The Cambrian Prince was a 252-ton net burden. She was built in 1876 and was owned by the Cambrian Prince company of Liverpool. She was 224 feet 7 inches long, had 37 feet beam and was 22 feet 6 inches deep.

Extra Session Of the Senate.

President Issues Proclamation Calling One For March 5th at Noon—Will Doubtless Deal With Cuban And Panama Canal Treaties.

Washington, March 2.—The president today issued the following proclamation: By the President of the United States of America: A proclamation: Whereas, Public interests require that the senate should convene in extraordinary session, therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, president of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary session of the senate of the United States to convene at the Capitol in the city of Washington on the fifth day of March next at 12 o'clock noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members of that body are hereby required to take notice.

Given under my hand and the seal of the United States at Washington the second day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-seventh.

By the president: JOHN HAY, Secretary of State.

BEAR LAKE AS A RESERVOIR

Major Young, Representing Utah Sugar Co., Confers With Commissioner of General Land Office on Question of Storing In It Waters of Bear River.

(Special to the "News.") Washington, March 2.—Major Richard W. Young, representing the Utah Sugar company, is in Washington on business for that institution. He had a session with the commissioner of the land office, and to ascertain from Mr. Young the purpose of the land office in regard to the use of Bear Lake in Idaho as a reservoir for storing the waters of the Bear river for use in the dry season. The sugar company and the government have been in conference for some time in regard to the operations in and around Bear Lake. Should the plans be successful the question of irrigation in the Bear River valley will be forever disposed of, as the Bear Lake is a great natural reservoir and can be used to hold back the flood waters for use when they are needed in the dry season.

FACTORY FOR BLACKFOOT.
Hon. John G. Brown of Blackfoot, Idaho, is in city. Mr. Brown has been in Chicago and Detroit consulting with capitalists of those cities about establishing a beet factory at Blackfoot.

He brought a contract with him from the farmers in southern Idaho for the planting of 500,000 acres of beets and is well pleased with the outlook for establishment of factory. He will leave for New York in a few days.

D. ECCLES ON SMOOT CASE.
David Eccles, president of the First National bank of Ogden, is a guest at the Raleigh and is accompanied by his wife and daughters.

"It is astonishing," said Mr. Eccles, "what news one can learn of his home when he gets away from it. For instance, I have known Mr. Reed Smoot all his life, and though I knew all about him, but it was not till I got in the east that I learned he was a polygamist. None of his Utah friends know this and they would be glad to possess. The charge against Mr. Smoot is utterly without foundation. The people who sent him here to represent them in the United States senate know him to be a worthy and honorable gentleman. His life has been blameless and there never was a man in our state who has obtained in a greater degree the confidence of all classes of our people, Gentiles and 'Mormons' alike."

J. C. Cutler is expected here this afternoon to meet Mr. Eccles on business in connection with sugar interests.

TO IMPROVE PEN D'ORIELLE RIVER.

Senator Dubois presented to the senate a joint memorial from the Idaho legislature asking for an appropriation that will render suitable for navigation that portion of pen d'Orielle river lying between Albany Falls and the mouth of Priest river.

RULES AGAINST FILIBUSTERING.

Washington, March 2.—The Republican managers in the house have devised another rule to further reduce the minority's power to filibuster and this morning it was ordered favorably reported by the committee on rules. It adopts methods of sending to conference general bills with senate amendments which have been pursued with reference to appropriation bills, thus cutting off several rollcalls, and by a further provision cuts out the demand for the previous question on conference reports, thus eliminating a rollcall on each report. The rule is as follows:

"Resolved, That immediately on the adoption of this order or at any time thereafter the speaker may lay before the house the bill (H. B. 12195) to regulate the immigration of aliens into the United States now on the speaker's table, and the senate amendments thereto, and may then read the question shall be at once taken without debate or intervening motion following the question, will the house disagree to the senate amendments on bloc and ask a conference with the senate? And the motion shall be decided in the affirmative the speaker shall at once appoint conferees without the intervention of the committee on rules, to decide the motion in the negative the effect of said vote shall be to agree to said amendments and, further, that for the remainder of this session whenever a conference report shall have been presented and read there shall be 10 minutes of debate and at the end of that time the previous question shall be taken as ordered on agreeing to this report."

PEOPLE DON'T KNOW MUCH.

Substance of Remark Made by Senator Sherman in His Opposition to Initiative and Referendum—Bill Will be Reported Favorably.

The final test between Senator Sherman and the senate judiciary committee relative to the initiative and referendum bill, came this morning and the committee won. Although Senator Sherman had secured a recommitment of the bill on the representation that there were citizens who wanted to be heard, he was the only one who appeared against the measure. Some of the members of the committee made no effort to conceal their conviction that the committee was being backed by the one antagonist of the bill, and that they had gone to all the trouble to reconsider the measure with merely one man. Some of the friends of the measure were present to open up their oratory on the bill, but Chairman Lawrence said it was not necessary for anything more to be said as the majority of the committee had made up their minds to report favorably.

Senator Sherman made a quiet, but determined fight along the line that it was not a party policy, that the Republican house voted it down two years ago.

Chairman Lawrence made the casual observation that he had never seen a policy established by the house since he had been a member of the Legislature that would be safe to follow, anyway.

Senator Bannion suggested that the people had voted for the constitutional amendment providing for the initiative and referendum, the same year a Republican majority was counted at the polls.

"I venture to say," replied Sherman, "that a large proportion of the people did not know what they were voting for; they may have thought it was something to eat."

On motion of Senator Bannion it was decided to submit a favorable report. A minority report will be returned by Senators Johnson and Lewis, but it is likely the majority report will be adopted by the senate.

DELAWARE ELECTS SENATORS.

J. Frank Allee, Union Republican, Long Term, and Luis Heisler Ball, Regular Republican, Short Term—In Dover the Result is Looked Upon as an Addicks Victory.

Dover, Del., March 2.—The Delaware legislature this afternoon elected the deadlock by electing State Senator J. Frank Allee, Union Republican, to the long term senatorship, which expires in 1907, and Congressman Luis Heisler Ball, Regular Republican, to the short term, which ends in 1904. Allee was

congratulated by his colleagues and by the assembly generally.

Congressman Ball is in Washington. The result is regarded here as an Addicks victory. Pressure brought to bear upon the Regular Republicans from Washington undoubtedly had much to do with preventing the acceptance of the Democratic offer to join with the Regulars to elect one Regular and leave a vacancy.

Mr. Dick is said to have come here under instructions from National Chairman Hanna to urge the Regular Republicans to accept the proposition agreed on by Mr. Addicks and his adherents on Saturday for the election of a Union Republican to the long term senatorship and a Regular Republican to the short term, Addicks himself being eliminated.

"I am very happy," said Mr. Addicks after the result was announced, "to gratify me to make one of my best friends, J. Frank Allee, United States senator. He deserves the place from a party point of view and greatly strengthens the Union Republican cause in making the fight to carry the state in 1904 for the president. I propose to help elect a majority of the legislature of 1904 favorable to my candidacy for the United States senate."

DELAWARE SENATORSHIPS.

Interest in Election Draws Immense Crowd to State Capital.

Dover, Del., March 2.—In anticipation of the election of a United States senator to the crowd at Dover today broke all records. Col. Dick, secretary of the Republican National committee, remained here at 10 and went into the regular Republican caucus in progress at the Hotel Richardson.

J. Edward Addicks arrived ahead of Mr. Dick and after a conference with his state central committee, appeared at the state house accompanied by State Chairman Allee, who is regarded as his candidate for senator in the event of an election. Later Mr. Addicks went into the Union Republican caucus by invitation of Dr. Moore, its chairman.

Democratic State Chairman Willard Saulsbury, accompanied by former Senator Kenney, Peter J. Fox, Dr. William F. Moey and Edmund D. Hearne, composing the state advisory committee, joined the Democratic caucus at 11 o'clock and took with them a paper agreeing to elect two Regular Republicans in order to beat the Addicks program.

The Democratic caucus refused to accept the action of the advisory committee, but decided unanimously to vote for one senator, thus insuring an election today.

Representatives Tyne and Price, Regular Republicans who have been invited to Addicks, left the Regular Republican caucus and went to the meeting of the Union Republicans where they were greeted with much enthusiasm.

The Union Republican caucus named J. Frank Allee as their candidate for United States senator and agreed with the Regular Republicans to vote as one bloc on Friday and then take a recess until 3 o'clock when the senators will be elected. Mr. Addicks appeared in the assembly hall at 12 o'clock and his friends greeted him enthusiastically.

The 35th ballot for United States senator resulted as follows: Long term—Addicks, 21; Salisbury, 21; Higgins, 8; Hillis, 2; Richardson, 2. No election.

Short term—Addicks, 19; Kenney, 21; Higgins, 8; Hillis, 2; Richardson, 2. No election.

At the ballot Senator Sparks moved to take a recess until 3:30 this afternoon, everybody voting "yea" with a shout. Both Republican factions are now agreed on the Union Republican platform. The Regulars may have to nominate a dark horse to satisfy the Higgins men, and in this event the choice will probably be State Senator Sparks.

To Extend Current Appropriations.

Washington, March 2.—The house committee on rules has agreed to a resolution providing for the rule to pass a joint resolution to extend current appropriations in case any general appropriation bill shall not be presented unless it becomes apparent that some of the bills cannot pass.

Senate Proceedings.

Washington, March 2.—Immediately upon convening today the senate on motion of Mr. Hale took up the general deficiency bill.

In course of the reading of the bill amendments to the omnibus public building bill were sent to conference, and Mr. Fairbanks, Warren and Turner were appointed conferees.

The amendments to the fortifications appropriation bill were agreed to. Consideration of the general deficiency bill then resumed.

The unfinished business, the Aldrich financial bill, was laid before the senate. At Mr. Aldrich's request it was laid aside temporarily to permit the general deficiency bill to be disposed of.

Archbishop Quigley's Farewell.

Buffalo, March 2.—The formal farewell of Archbishop Quigley to the Buffalo diocese was said today and in commemoration of the occasion, funeral services were held in St. Joseph cathedral at which a vast number of dignitaries of the church and the laity were present, and at which the archbishop officiated in pontifical mass. Archbishop Quigley goes to Chicago as the successor of the late Archbishop Feehan.

Louis Martinetti Dead.

Denver, March 2.—Medrie Robillard, known in the theatrical world as Louis Martinetti, is dead at Victor, Colo., and his remains will be shipped to Fall River, Mass., for burial. Death was caused by apoplexy. Martinetti was the chief comedian of "The Devil's Auction," and was taken ill when playing at Grapple Creek. He was born at Montreal in 1868 and was the youngest of the famous Martinetti family of acrobats.

New Bedford Weavers Strike.

New Bedford, March 2.—A strike of the weavers the Bristol mill was inaugurated today and although the looms were started with the other machinery, not more than 50 weavers were at work. No demonstration attended the starting of the strike. About 250 weavers are out.

The employees complain of poor pay, poor filling, poor firing, high speeded looms and changes in style.

ALFRED KNAPP ARRAIGNED.

Self Confessed Murderer Pleads "Not Guilty."

Hamilton, March 2.—Alfred Knapp was arraigned today in the police court for the murder of Hannah Goddard and pleaded not guilty.

G. C. Holt to be U. S. District Judge.

Washington, March 2.—President Roosevelt has decided to appoint G. C. Holt as United States district judge in the district judiciary recently created in southern New York. The appointment will go to the senate today. Mr. Holt is a well known New Yorker.

Filibustering Goes on in House

Richardson, Minority Leader, Objects to Doing Business Before Ascertaining if Quorum is Present—Williams of Mississippi Protests Against Republican Partisan Action—Grosvenor of Ohio Answers Him.

Washington, Mar. 2.—When the house re-convened today at 11 o'clock the pending question was on the adoption of the conference report on the Alaskan homestead bill. Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, in pursuance of the filibustering program attempted to make the point that a quorum must be ascertained to be present before business could be transacted, but the speaker declined to entertain the point and upon the demand of Mr. Payne, the majority leader, a rollcall was ordered on the pending question. The report was agreed to, 207-3. Mr. Grosvenor then presented the special rule to put the immigration bill into conference by direct vote and to cut off the previous question on the conference reports.

Mr. Grosvenor briefly explained the scope of the rule, and then yielded five minutes to Mr. Underwood (Ala.). The latter declared that the rule proposed to force a vote upon conference reports on appropriation bills carrying millions of dollars in minutes debate on a side. He taunted the other side for its inability to do business with deliberation. He also said it was unfair that the immigration bill which had been discussed in conference without giving the house an opportunity to act.

Mr. Williams (Miss.) protested against the Republican partisan action in attempting the action of the minority in the house to revenge for the unsettling of Mr. Butler. He said the country was broader than that. The Democratic minority, he said, was not acting in retaliation; it was teaching the majority that its rights must be respected, if it then demanded the previous question.

Mr. Grosvenor then compared with the present situation that when the Democrats in the Fifty-third Congress attempted to deprive a Democrat elected by 6,000 majority of his seat the same tactics would be pursued. Mr. Williams then turned to the rule and ridiculed the employment of the French phrase en bloc much to the amusement of the house.

Mr. Dearmond attributed the phrase to Mr. Grosvenor who, he said, sarcastically had recently had much experience in authorship. He denounced the Republicans for doing business on the Sabbath. Mr. Grosvenor, in closing the debate on the rule, remarked facetiously that when the Lord said "six days shall thou labor and do all thy work," perhaps He did not foresee the presence on earth of the Democratic party. (Republican applause.) Still, he added, he might have done so. The injunction about rescuing the ox or ass on Sunday is very old and it is regarded as certainly foreshadowed the coming of the Democratic party.

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